

# Réforme de la gouvernance locale

JANUARY 2023

JANVIER 2023







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# Vision of Local Governance Reform

Vibrant and sustainable communities working together to enhance the quality of life of New Brunswickers.

### Reform was accomplished in 4 pillars:

- 1. Ensuring viable and sustainable communities (structures)
- 2. Enhancing regional collaboration
- 3. Coordinated provincial planning framework (land use planning)
- 4. Financing local governance (finances/taxation)



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# Planning for reform

Jan 2021 Apr 2021 Apr – June 2021

Sept 2021

Sept -Oct 2021

Nov 2021

Dec 2021

Launch

**Local Governance Reform** 





**Engage** 



25 engagement sessions



4 working groups



120 briefs



Report back

**Engage** 

**Publish** Legislate



11 engagement sessions

Working together for vibrant and sustainable communities







200+ emails



**1,200** online survey responses



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# Implementing reform

Jan - March 2022

**April - June** 2022

July - Sept 2022

Oct - Dec 2022

Special election

**CAO** onboarding

**Budget approval** 

Jan - March 2023

Incorporation

Asset transfer

Local Governance

Orientation 2023

#### **Local Government Key Milestones**

Transition facilitators hired

Transition committees formed

Outer boundaries

Electoral structure

Ward boundaries

New government types and names

Taxation structure

Council composition

**Budget development** 

CAO recruitment

Structural planning

**Bylaws** 

Workforce transition Banking and financial administration

### Regional Service Commission Key Milestones

Transition facilitators hired

Transition committees formed

Regional boundaries

Service delivery

models for expanded mandates

**CEO** recruitment

Cost-sharing for cultural, recreational, and sport facilities

Structural planning

**Budget development** 

Economic development guidelines

Strategy requirements

Weighted voting

**Budget approval** 

**CEO** onboarding

**Tourism Promotion** guidelines

Expanded mandates

Community development guidelines

Initiation of regional transportation guidelines

> Initiation of social mandate guidelines

Guidelines on regional strategies

Transfer of CINs



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# **Local Involvement**

### Role of:

- transition facilitators
- elected officials
- transition committees
- staff in former and current local governments
- regional service commission staff



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# Structure for success

### **People Resources**

#### **Internal Resources**

Project management office Points of Contacts

GIS Analysts (NRED, SNB, ELG)

Taxation structure
(SNB and FTB)

Electoral structure

Economic Development and Strategic Planning (ONB)

Tourism Promotion

Community Development (SD, ESIC, DH, IPS, Horizon, and Vitalité)

Regional Transportation

Banking, financial administration, and strategic procurement (SNB)

Legal advice

#### **External Resources**

Transition facilitators

Transition committees

Electoral boundary experts

Toponomy expert

**Budget experts** 

CFEG experts

Hiring firm

Labour relations and pension expert

Organizational design / HR planning expert



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# **Policy Framework**

Jan - March 2022 April - June 2022 July - Sept 2022 Oct - Dec 2022 Jan - March 2023

#### **Local Government Key Milestones**

Electronic meetings

Rural district council code of conduct

APAB changes

LNG taxation process

Expert panel on Community Funding

Heavy Industrial classification

Regulations creating new local governments

Regulations creating rural districts

New Community Funding Act

Transitional provisions for community planning and by-law application

LG taxation regulation

SPI regulation

Inclusionary zoning regulation

Municipal commission proposal

### **Regional Service Commission Key Milestones**

Transition authorities

Accountability on contracts

New Regions regulation

Repeal of Greater Saint John Regional Facilities Commission Act

Cost-sharing for infrastructure

Regional strategy framework

Weighted vote mechanism

Local Governance Structure

# A Better Future – Together









STRUCTURES

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STRUCTURES



### Pillar 1 Local Governance Structure Ensuring viable and sustainable communities

### **Results of strategic restructuring**

Local Governments (incorporated areas)	Then	Now
Current number	104	77
Population	516,124	~723,000
% total population	~70%	~95%
Rural Districts (unincorporated areas)		
Name	Local Service District	Rural District
Number	236	12
Population	222,814	~45,000
% total population	~30%	~5%

# Regional Collaboration

# A Better Future – Together



### COLLABORATION

Communities will pool their resources, share costs and identify common priorities to offer good quality, affordable and sustainable services and infrastructure.







REGIONAL COLLABORATION

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COLLABORATION RÉGIONALE



# Pillar 2 Regional Collaboration Enhancing regional collaboration

### Results of regional collaboration

Mandated service	Former RSC	New RSC
Solid Waste	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>
Planning	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>
Economic development		<b>~</b>
Community development		<b>~</b>
Tourism promotion		<b>~</b>
Regional transportation		<b>~</b>
Cost-sharing on recreation infrastructure		<b>~</b>
Public safety committee		<b>~</b>
Social mandate (South-East, Fundy, Capital region RSCs)		<b>~</b>

- Expanded mandate of regional service commissions
- Elected representation on RSC board of directors:
  - Mayors or Deputy Mayors of local governments.
  - Councillor(s) of the rural district advisory committee.
- Introduced weighted voting (based on population)
- Recruitment of CEOs

# Land Use Planning

# A Better Future – Together



### SUSTAINABILITY

We will protect the future of communities with consistent land-use planning standards, cost-sharing for regional infrastructure, and a larger regional role in economic and community development.







LAND USE PLANNING

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AMÉNAGEMENT DU TERRITOIRE



### Pillar 3 Land Use Planning Coordinated provincial planning

### Statements of public interest

SPIs developed on 5 topics.

- > Settlement Patterns
- Climate Change
- > Flood Hazard Areas and Hazard Lands
- > Agriculture
- Natural Resources

### **Local land use planning**

- All communities required to have local land use plans by 2028.
- Minimum standards for the delivery of land use planning services also required.

### **Location of provincial facilities**

- Mandated consultation between the province and local governments or rural districts.
- Cabinet approval required to override plans.

# Financing local governance

# A Better Future – Together



### **FAIRNESS**

New Brunswickers will only pay for the services they have access to, and they will have a say over what services they may want to consider in the future.







FINANCES / TAXATION

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FINANCES / IMPÔTS



# Pillar 4 Finance Financing local governance

### **Property Taxation Adjustments**

- Provided local governments and rural districts flexibility to set non-residential tax rates.
- Created a new heavy industrial classification
- Utilized different property tax rates to reflect the level of service offered.
- Reduced provincial property tax rates.

### **Community Funding and Equalization Grant**

Created a new grant formula to ensure communities that need support received it.



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# Next Steps – ELG



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### Pillar 1 Local Governance Structure Ensuring viable and sustainable communities

#### **Independent municipal commission**

The provincial government will examine creating an independent municipal commission to review, assess and possibly rule and/or make recommendations on matters affecting the governance and administration of local governments.

### Annual reporting on viability

Local governments will be required to report annually on viability criteria that address governance, financial and service delivery matters. Aim is to encourage local leaders to consider and assess future restructurings and service delivery adjustments.

### Pillar 2 Regional Collaboration Enhancing regional collaboration

### Regional strategies and service standards

- RSCs required to develop and adopt comprehensive regional strategies with focus on key priority areas by July 2023.
- RSCs will be required to meet standards and benchmarks to help clarify expectations for residents and encourage service improvements.



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### Pillar 3 Land Use Planning Coordinated provincial planning

#### **Inclusionary zoning**

Local governments will be enabled to voluntarily adopt inclusionary zoning by-law to support affordable housing.

# Pillar 4 Finance Financing local governance

#### **Revenue from fines**

Work with municipal associations on a proposal for sharing revenue generated from fines.

#### Business improvement areas and industrial parks

Explore incentives to encourage development of vacant and underutilized properties.

### **Municipal elections financing**

Develop a made-in New Brunswick model to increase transparency and accountability of municipal elections.



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Ensuring viable and sustainable communities Assurer la viabilité et la durabilité des communautés





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