

### WEEKLY NEW BRUNSWICK INFLUENZA REPORT

Reporting period: July 15, 2012 - July 28, 2012 (weeks 29 & 30)

## Summary

### In New Brunswick, influenza activity has returned to typical inter-seasonal levels

#### **New Brunswick:**

- There have been no positive influenza detections during weeks 29 & 30.
- The ILI consultation rates were low and were within the expected range for this time of year.
- No ILI or influenza outbreaks were reported.

#### Canada:

- Overall influenza activity in Canada remains low.
- Three outbreaks of influenza were reported in long-term care facilitates.
- 16 laboratory detections of influenza were reported, proportion of positive tests was 0.8% and 0.7% in weeks 29 & 30 respectively.
- The ILI consultation rate in week 30 was below the expected levels for this time of year.

<u>Note:</u> While influenza surveillance continues to be monitored weekly at provincial and national levels, reporting will occur on a biweekly basis during the summer season.

# 1) Influenza Laboratory Data<sup>1</sup>

- Influenza activity has returned to typical inter-seasonal levels.
- No influenza detections were reported during that period.
- Since the beginning of the season, 326 positive influenza detections have been reported; 37 were influenza A (H1N1)pdm09 (11%), 30 were influenza A (H3)(9%) and 259 were influenza B viruses(80%).

Surveillance specimens are submitted by recruited New Brunswick Sentinel Practitioner Influenza Network (NB SPIN) practitioners, which are comprised of 7 sites in Emergency Rooms, 5 sites in Family Practice, 3 sites in First Nations communities, 1 site in a Nursing Home, 3 sites in Universities and 8 sites in Community Health Centers. Diagnostic specimens are submitted by physicians in the community/hospital setting. Influenza laboratory data is comprised of results from surveillance and diagnostic specimens. All laboratory specimens are tested using a real-time PCR assay, which is a rapid detection method designed for detection of all known variants of influenza A and B. All laboratory-confirmed cases are reported for the week when laboratory confirmation was received.

<u>Graph 1</u>: Number and percent of positive influenza specimens in New Brunswick, by week, up to July 28, 2012 (data source: G. Dumont lab results)

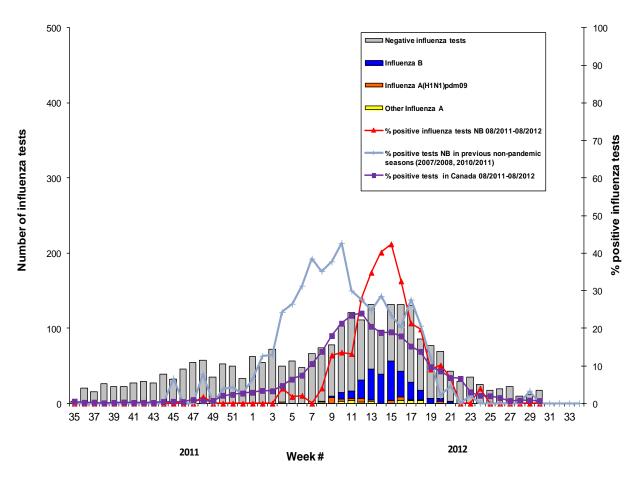


Table 1: Positive influenza test results by Health Region in New Brunswick up to July 28, 2012 (data source: G. Dumont lab results)

| Region   | Reporting period: July/15/2012–July/28/2012 |       |       |                 |                |   | Cumulative: (2011/2012 season)<br>Aug./28/2011 –July/28/2012 |       |                 |                | Cumulative:<br>(2010/2011 season)<br>Aug./29/2010 –<br>Aug./27/2011 |               |       |     |
|----------|---|-------|-------|-----------------|----------------|---|--|-------|-----------------|----------------|---|---------------|-------|-----|
|          | Activity<br>level <sup>2</sup>              | А     |       |                 |                | В | A  |       |                 |                | В   | А             |       | В   |
|          |   | A(H1) | A(H3) | (H1N1)<br>pdm09 | unsubt<br>yped |   | A(H1)  | A(H3) | (H1N1)<br>pdm09 | unsubt<br>yped |   | Non-<br>pH1N1 | pH1N1 |     |
| Region 1 | No activity                                 | 0     | 0     | 0               | 0              | 0 | 0  | 24    | 17              | 0              | 208   | 433           | 56    | 29  |
| Region 2 | No activity                                 | 0     | 0     | 0               | 0              | 0 | 0  | 1     | 2               | 0              | 14  | 57            | 2     | 13  |
| Region 3 | No activity                                 | 0     | 0     | 0               | 0              | 0 | 0  | 1     | 0               | 0              | 3   | 112           | 16    | 19  |
| Region 4 | No activity                                 | 0     | 0     | 0               | 0              | 0 | 0  | 2     | 9               | 0              | 2   | 79            | 58    | 56  |
| Region 5 | No activity                                 | 0     | 0     | 0               | 0              | 0 | 0  | 0     | 2               | 0              | 4   | 26            | 3     | 1   |
| Region 6 | No activity                                 | 0     | 0     | 0               | 0              | 0 | 0  | 1     | 6               | 0              | 16  | 46            | 27    | 5   |
| Region 7 | No activity                                 | 0     | 0     | 0               | 0              | 0 | 0  | 1     | 1               | 0              | 12  | 32            | 3     | 3   |
| Total NB |   | 0     | 0     | 0               | 0              | 0 | 0  | 30    | 37              | 0              | 259   | 785           | 165   | 126 |

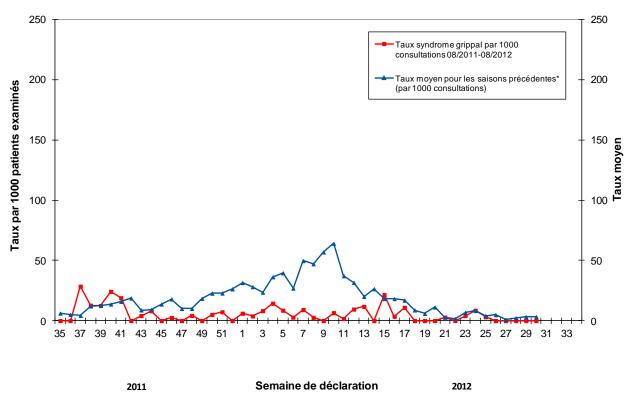
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 $<sup>^2 \</sup> Influenza \ activity \ level \ definition \ is \ available \ on \ the \ PHAC \ FluWatch \ website: \\ \underline{http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/11-12/def11-12-eng.php}$ 

## 2) ILI Consultation Rates<sup>3</sup>

- During week 30, the ILI consultation rate was 0.0 consultations per 1,000 patient visits, and was within the expected levels for this time of year.
- During week 30, the overall sentinel response rate was 34% for both the FluWatch sentinel physicians and the NB SPIN practitioners.

<u>Graph 2</u>: ILI Consultation Rates in New Brunswick, by report week, season 2011/12 compared to previous seasons\*



<sup>\*</sup>Le taux moyen fut calculé à partir des données des saisons 1996/97 à 2010/11 et excluant la saison pandémique (2009-2010).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A total of 32 practitioner sites (14 FluWatch sentinel physicians and 18 NB SPIN sites) are recruited this season to report the number of ILI patients and total patient consultations one day during a reporting week.

## 3) ILI and Laboratory-Confirmed Outbreak Data

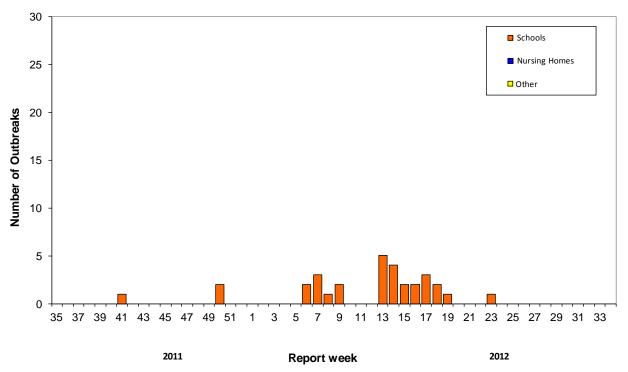
<u>Table 2:</u> ILI activity/outbreaks in New Brunswick nursing homes and schools for the reporting week, current and previous seasons.

|          | July  | Reporting period:<br>v/15/2012 –July/28/20 | Cumulative # of                            | Cumulative # of outbreaks     |                     |  |
|----------|---|--|--|-------------------------------|---------------------|--|
|          | Lab-confirmed<br>outbreaks in<br>Nursing Homes* | Schools reporting ILI outbreaks**          | Lab-confirmed outbreaks in Other Settings* | outbreaks season<br>2011-2012 | season<br>2010-2011 |  |
| Region 1 | 0 out of 13                                     | 0 out of 74                                | 0  | 4                             | 17                  |  |
| Region 2 | 0 out of 15                                     | 0 out of 81                                | 0  | 6                             | 21                  |  |
| Region 3 | 0 out of 14                                     | 0 out of 95                                | 0  | 8                             | 12                  |  |
| Region 4 | 0 out of 6                                      | 0 out of 22                                | 0  | 2                             | 12                  |  |
| Region 5 | 0 out of 2                                      | 0 out of 18                                | 0  | 7                             | 17                  |  |
| Region 6 | 0 out of 9                                      | 0 out of 35                                | 0  | 2                             | 10                  |  |
| Region 7 | 0 out of 4                                      | 0 out of 27                                | 0  | 2                             | 22                  |  |
| Total NB | 0 out of 63                                     | 0 out of 352                               | 0  | 31                            | 111                 |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Two or more ILI cases within a seven day period, including at least one laboratory-confirmed case of influenza. Outbreaks are reported in the week when laboratory confirmation is received.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Schools reporting greater than 10% absenteeism (or absenteeism that is higher (e.g. >5-10%) than expected level as determined by school or Public Health Authority) which is likely due to ILI.

<u>Graph 3</u>: Number of Influenza Outbreaks in Nursing Homes<sup>1</sup> and ILI Outbreaks in Schools<sup>2</sup> reported to Public Health in New Brunswick, by report week, season 2011/12.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The National FluWatch definition of an outbreak in a nursing home is stated as two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case.

<u>National Flu Watch Program</u> - Additional information on influenza activity in Canada and around the world is available on the Public Health Agency of Canada's website at: www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/index.html

#### Other Links:

World-

http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance/en/index.html

Europe: http://www.euroflu.org/cgi-files/bulletin v2.cgi and

http://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/healthtopics/seasonal\_influenza/epidemiological\_data/Pages/Weekly\_Influenza\_ Surveillance\_Overview.aspx

PAHO: <a href="http://new.paho.org/hq/index.php?option=com">http://new.paho.org/hq/index.php?option=com</a> content&task=blogcategory&id=805&Itemid=569] Australia: <a href="http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/cda-surveil-ozflu-flucurr.htm">http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/cda-surveil-ozflu-flucurr.htm</a>]

New Zealand: [http://www.surv.esr.cri.nz/virology/influenza weekly update.php

Argentina: <a href="http://www.msal.gov.ar/archivos/INFORME%20INFLUENZA%20PANDÉMICA%20\_H1N1\_%2005-08-2009.pdf">http://www.msal.gov.ar/archivos/INFORME%20INFLUENZA%20PANDÉMICA%20\_H1N1\_%2005-08-2009.pdf</a>

South Africa: <a href="http://www.nicd.ac.za/">http://www.nicd.ac.za/</a>
US: <a href="http://www.nicd.ac.za/">www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The National FluWatch definition of an ILI outbreak in a school is stated as absenteeism greater than 10% (or absenteeism that is higher (e.g.>5-10%) than expected level as determined by school or Public Health Authority) which is likely due to ILI.