

WEEKLY NEW BRUNSWICK INFLUENZA REPORT

Reporting period: April 28 to May 4 2013 (week 18)

Summary

New Brunswick: low influenza activity with 6% increase in positive detections for week 18

New Brunswick:

- There have been 14 positive influenza detections during week 18 (6% increase from previous week), mainly due to influenza B: 2 influenza A (H1N1)pdm09 and 12 influenza B.
- The ILI consultation rate was low and was within the expected range for this time of year.
- One new ILI outbreak was reported in a school in region 6.

Canada:

- Influenza activity in Canada continued its slow decline with the percentage of laboratory tests positive for influenza at 10%. Influenza B was the predominant strain, but detections continued to decrease. Fewer regions reported localized activity compared to the previous week.
- 301 laboratory detections of influenza were reported, proportion of positive tests was 10.0%.
- The ILI consultation rate increased slightly and was above the expected level for this time of year. 6 new influenza/ILI outbreaks were reported: 5 in long-term care facilities and 1 in a school.

International:

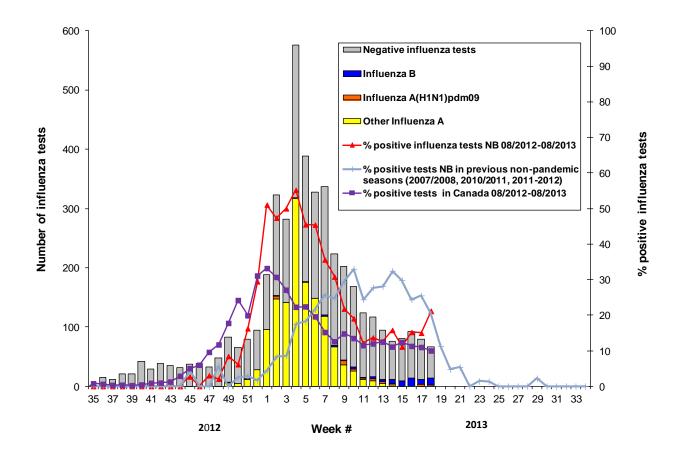
- <u>Human infection with Avian Influenza:</u> As of May 8 2013, the WHO reported a total of 131 laboratoryconfirmed cases of human infection with an avian influenza A (H7N9) virus in China including 32 deaths. Disease onset was between 19 February and 3 May 2013. There is no evidence of sustained human-tohuman transmission. Contacts of confirmed cases are being closely monitored. Investigations into possible sources of infection and reservoirs of the virus are ongoing.
- <u>Novel Coronavirus</u>: Since April 2012, 34 laboratory-confirmed cases have been reported from Saudi Arabia (24), Qatar (2), Jordan (2), United Kingdom (3), United Arab Emirates (1) and France (2). Among the 34 cases, 18 were fatal. Onset of illness was between April 2012 and May 2013. The latest outbreak in Saudi Arabia (15 cases) was linked to a Health Care Facility.

1) Influenza Laboratory Data¹

- A 6% increase in percent positive laboratory results compared to previous week.
- 14 influenza detections were reported during that period.
- Since the beginning of the season, 1457 positive influenza detections have been reported, 36 influenza A (H1N1)pdm09, 450 influenza A (H3) viruses, 900 influenza A (unsubtyped) and 71 influenza B.

¹ Surveillance specimens are submitted by recruited New Brunswick Sentinel Practitioner Influenza Network (NB SPIN) practitioners, which are comprised of 8 sites in Emergency Rooms, 5 sites in Family Practice, 3 sites in First Nations communities, 1 site in a Nursing Home, 3 sites in Universities and 8 sites in Community Health Centers. Diagnostic specimens are submitted by physicians in the community/hospital setting. Influenza laboratory data is comprised of results from surveillance and diagnostic specimens. All laboratory specimens are tested using a real-time PCR assay, which is a rapid detection method designed for detection of all known variants of influenza A and B. All laboratory-confirmed cases are reported for the week when laboratory confirmation was received.

<u>Graph 1</u>: Number and percent of positive influenza specimens in New Brunswick, by week, up to May 4, 2013 (data source: G. Dumont lab results)



Region	Reporting period: April/28/2012–May/04/2013						Cumulative: (2012/2013 season) Aug./26/2012 –May/04/2013				Cumulative: (2011/2012 season) Aug./28/2011 – Aug./25/2012						
		А				В		А				В		A B			
	Activity level ²	A(H1)	A(H3)	(H1N1) pdm09	unsub typed		Total	A(H1)	A(H3)	(H1N1) pdm09	unsub typed		Total	Non- (H1N1) pdm09	(H1N1) pdm09		Total
Region 1	Sporadic	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	156	13	369	14	552	24	17	206	247
Region 2	No activity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	3	159	8	222	1	2	18	21
Region 3	No activity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	9	58	1	95	1	0	3	4
Region 4	Sporadic	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	34	5	134	2	175	2	9	2	13
Region 5	Sporadic	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	11	1	9	4	25	0	2	4	6
Region 6	Localized	0	0	1	0	9	10	0	137	3	115	35	290	1	6	16	23
Region 7	Sporadic	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	33	2	56	7	98	1	1	12	14
Total NB		0	0	2	0	12	14	0	450	36	900	71	1457	30	37	261	328

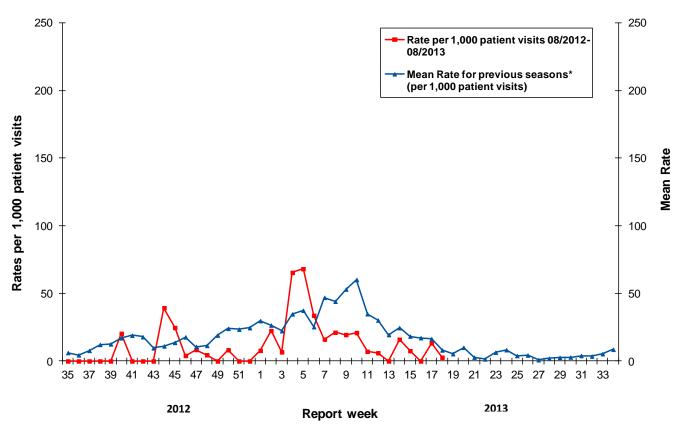
Table 1: Positive influenza test results by Health Region in New Brunswick up to May 4, 2013 (data source: G. Dumont lab results)

² Influenza activity level definition is available on the PHAC FluWatch website: <u>http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/12-13/def12-13-eng.php</u>

2) ILI Consultation Rates³

- During week 18, the ILI consultation rate was 2.8 consultations per 1,000 patient visits, and was within the expected levels for this time of year.
- During week 18, the sentinel response rate was 41% for both the FluWatch sentinel physicians and the NB SPIN practitioners.

<u>Graph 2</u>: ILI Consultation Rates in New Brunswick, by report week, season 2012/13 compared to previous seasons*



* The mean rate was based on data from the 1996/97 to 2011/2012 seasons and excludes the Pandemic season (2009-2010).

³ A total of 38 practitioner sites (20 FluWatch sentinel physicians and 18 NB SPIN sites) are recruited this season to report the number of ILI patients and total patient consultations one day during a reporting week.

3)ILI and Laboratory-Confirmed Outbreak Data

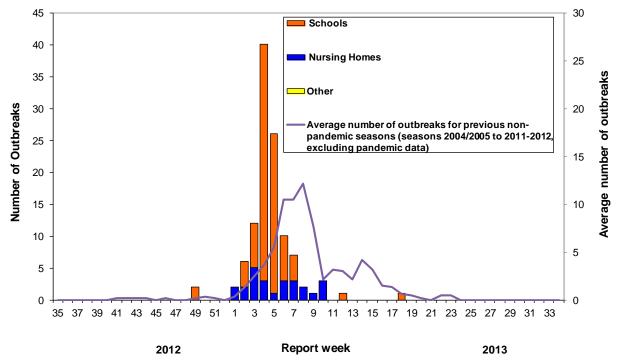
<u>Table 2:</u> ILI activity/outbreaks in New Brunswick nursing homes and schools for the reporting week, current and previous seasons.

	Apr Lab-confirmed	Reporting period: il/28/2012–May/04/2	Cumulative # of outbreaks	Cumulative # of outbreaks		
	outbreaks in Nursing Homes*	Schools reporting ILI outbreaks**	outbreaks in Other Settings*	season 2012-2013	season 2011-2012	
Region 1	0 out of 13	0 out of 74	0	14	4	
Region 2	0 out of 15	0 out of 81	0	38	6	
Region 3	0 out of 14	0 out of 95	0	20	8	
Region 4	0 out of 6	0 out of 22	0	2	2	
Region 5	0 out of 2	0 out of 18	0	6	7	
Region 6	0 out of 9	1 out of 35	0	23	2	
Region 7	0 out of 4	0 out of 27	0	10	2	
Total NB	0 out of 63	1 out of 352	0	113	31	

*Two or more ILI cases within a seven day period, including at least one laboratory-confirmed case of influenza. Outbreaks are reported in the week when laboratory confirmation is received.

**Schools reporting greater than 10% absenteeism (or absenteeism that is higher (e.g. >5-10%) than expected level as determined by school or Public Health Authority) which is likely due to ILI.

<u>Graph 3</u>: Number of Influenza Outbreaks in Nursing Homes¹ and ILI Outbreaks in Schools² reported to Public Health in New Brunswick, by report week, season 2012/13.



¹ The National FluWatch definition of an outbreak in a nursing home is stated as two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case.
² The National FluWatch definition of an ILI outbreak in a school is stated as absenteeism greater than 10% (or absenteeism that

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<u>National Flu Watch Program</u> - Additional information on influenza activity in Canada and around the world is available on the Public Health Agency of Canada's website at: www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/index.html

Other Links:

World-

<u>http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/index.html</u> Europe: <u>http://www.euroflu.org/cgi-files/bulletin_v2.cgi</u> and

http://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/healthtopics/seasonal_influenza/epidemiological_data/Pages/Weekly_Influenza_ Surveillance_Overview.aspx

PAHO:<u>http://new.paho.org/hq/index.php?option=com_content&task=blogcategory&id=805&Itemid=569</u>] Australia: <u>http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/cda-surveil-ozflu-flucurr.htm</u>] New Zealand: [<u>http://www.surv.esr.cri.nz/virology/influenza_weekly_update.php</u>]

Argentina: : <u>http://www.msal.gov.ar/</u>

South Africa: <u>http://www.nicd.ac.za/</u>

US: <u>www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/</u>

Prepared by the Communicable Disease Control Unit Office of the Chief Medical Officer of Health, Tel: (506) 444-3044